**Lambda and Method Reference Exercises**

1. Assign the lambda expressions to a variable of the appropriate type and then express as a method reference. Indicate which type of method reference you are using. Assume that the Employee and EmployeeNameComparator classes are available. To make it easier, do all this inside an Examples class in your workspace. Refer to <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/function/package-summary.html>

as necessary.

Example: (String x) -> x.toUpperCase()

Function<String, String> toUpper1 = (String x) -> x.toUpperCase();

Function<String, String> toUpper2 = String::toUpperCase;  
 *Method reference type:* Class::instanceMethod

1. (Employee e) -> e.getName()
2. (Employee e,String s) -> e.setName(s)
3. (String s1,String s2) -> s1.compareTo(s2)
4. (Integer x,Integer y) -> Math.pow(x,y)
5. (Apple a) -> a.getWeight()
6. (String x) -> Integer.parseInt(x);
7. EmployeeNameComparator comp = **new** EmployeeNameComparator();  
   (Employee e1, Employee e2) -> comp.compare(e1,e2)
8. Create a method in your Examples class called evaluator. Inside evaluator, evaluate each of your method expressions using input arguments of your own choosing.

Example:

void evaluator() {

System.***out***.println(toUpper2.apply("hello"));

///test your other method references

}